## S. 2863

To prohibit use or sharing of medical health records or information by financial institutions and their affiliates, and for other purposes.

## IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

July 13, 2000

Mr. Smith of New Hampshire introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs

## A BILL

To prohibit use or sharing of medical health records or information by financial institutions and their affiliates, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Health Information
- 5 Protection Act of 2000".
- 6 SEC. 2. PROHIBITIONS ON SHARING OF HEALTH INFORMA-
- 7 **TION.**
- 8 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 502 of the Gramm-Leach-
- 9 Bliley Act (15 U.S.C. 6802) is amended by adding at the
- 10 end the following:

1	"(f) Sharing of Health Information Prohib-
2	ITED.—
3	"(1) In general.—Notwithstanding subsection
4	(a) or (b), and except as provided in paragraph
5	(2)—
6	"(A) no financial institution or affiliate
7	thereof may receive from, provide to, or other-
8	wise share with any nonaffiliated third party
9	any individually identifiable health information
10	with respect to a consumer to perform services
11	for or functions on behalf of the financial insti-
12	tution or affiliate, including marketing of its
13	own products or services or of financial prod-
14	ucts or services offered under a joint agreement
15	between 2 or more financial institutions; and
16	"(B) no financial institution or affiliate
17	thereof may receive from, provide to, or other-
18	wise share with any other affiliate any individ-
19	ually identifiable health information with re-
20	spect to a consumer.
21	"(2) Exceptions.—
22	"(A) Payments.—Paragraph (1) does not
23	preclude the sharing of information in connec-
24	tion with the collection of or payment of a
25	medically related debt or insurance claim, lim-

1	ited to information about the specific item,
2	service, procedure, or condition that is the sub-
3	ject of the debt or claim.
4	"(B) Consent.—
5	"(i) In General.—Paragraph (1)
6	does not apply if the financial institution
7	or affiliate thereof that intends to share in-
8	dividually identifiable health information
9	relating to a consumer—
10	"(I) has clearly and conspicu-
11	ously requested in writing, in accord-
12	ance with clause (ii), that the con-
13	sumer consent to such sharing;
14	"(II) has obtained affirmative
15	written consent from the consumer for
16	such sharing, and such consent has
17	not been withdrawn; and
18	"(III) requires the same health
19	information about all consumers for
20	the intended use of the information.
21	"(ii) Format of written re-
22	QUEST.—A request for consent under
23	clause (i)(I)—

1	"(I) shall be contained in a sepa-
2	rate form, intended only for that pur-
3	pose;
4	"(II) shall specify that the con-
5	sent is being sought to provide indi-
6	vidually identifiable health informa-
7	tion to an affiliate or a nonafilliated
8	party, as the case may be; and
9	"(III) shall specify with whom
10	and for what purpose the information
11	will be shared.
12	"(iii) Withdrawal of Consent.—A
13	consumer that has given written consent to
14	the sharing of individually identifiable
15	health information under this subpara-
16	graph to any person may withdraw such
17	consent in writing at any time. No person
18	shall be in violation of this subsection for
19	the lawful sharing of individually identifi-
20	able health information under this sub-
21	paragraph before the date of receipt of a
22	written withdrawal of consent under this
23	clause.
24	"(C) Voluntary information.—Nothing
25	in this subsection precludes a consumer from

1	voluntarily providing individually identifiable
2	health information to a life, health, or disability
3	insurer that is an entity described in paragraph
4	(1).
5	"(3) Limitation on adverse action.—A fi-
6	nancial institution or affiliate thereof, that is not or-
7	ganized for the purpose of underwriting insurance
8	products, subject to other applicable law, may not
9	establish the terms of a financial transaction, make
10	a decision to offer, provide, or continue to provide a
11	product or service to a consumer, or otherwise take
12	any adverse action with respect to the consumer—
13	"(A) based on individually identifiable
14	health information; or
15	"(B) based on whether or not the con-
16	sumer consents to the sharing of such informa-
17	tion in response to a consent request under
18	paragraph (2)(B).
19	"(4) Limits on redisclosure and reuse of
20	INFORMATION.—
21	"(A) In General.—A financial institu-
22	tion, affiliate, or nonaffiliated third party that
23	receives individually identifiable health informa-
24	tion from a financial institution or affiliate in
25	accordance with any exception in paragraph (2)

shall not disclose such information to any other person unless such disclosure would be lawful if made directly to such other person by the financial institution or affiliate that provided the information.

- "(B) DISCLOSURE UNDER EXCEPTION.—
  Notwithstanding subparagraph (A), any person
  that receives individually identifiable health information from a financial institution or affiliate in accordance with any exception in paragraph (2) may also use or disclose such information only as permitted under that exception
  and this subsection.
- "(5) Existing protections for health information not affected.—Nothing in this subsection shall be construed as—
  - "(A) modifying, limiting, or superseding standards governing the privacy and security of individually identifiable health information promulgated by the Secretary of Health and Human Services under section 264 of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, or the amendments made by section 262(a) of that Act; or

"(B) authorizing the use or disclosure of individually identifiable health information in a manner other than as permitted by other applicable law.

## "(6) Relation to state laws.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—This subsection shall not be construed as superseding, altering, or affecting the statutes, regulations, orders, or interpretations in effect in any State, except to the extent that such statutes, regulations, orders, or interpretations are inconsistent with the provisions of this subsection, and then only to the extent of the inconsistency.

"(B) Greater protection under state statute, regulation, order, or interpretation is not inconsistent with the provisions of this subsection if the protection that such statute, regulation, order, or interpretation affords any person is greater than the protection provided under this subsection, as determined by the appropriate enforcement authority referred to in section 505, on its own motion or upon the petition of any interested party.

- 1 "(7) Federal and state action.—The At-2 torney General of the United States or the Attorney 3 General of a State, or the State bank supervisor, as defined in section 3 of the Federal Deposit Insur-5 ance Act, as appropriate, may impose a fine of not 6 more than \$25,000 per record, per person, affiliate, 7 or nonaffiliated person to which the record was dis-8 tributed in violation of this subsection.". SEC. 3. DEFINITION OF INDIVIDUALLY IDENTIFIABLE 10 HEALTH INFORMATION. 11 Section 509 of the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act (15 12 U.S.C. 6809) is amended by adding at the end the fol-13 lowing new paragraph: 14 "(12) Individually identifiable health 15 INFORMATION.—The term 'individually identifiable 16 health information' means any information, includ-17 ing demographic information obtained from or about 18 individual, that is described in section an 19 1171(6)(B) of the Social Security Act.". 20 SEC. 4. EFFECTIVE DATE.
- 21 This Act and the amendments made by this Act shall 22 become effective 90 days after the date of enactment of 23 this Act.

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